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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/940,816	08/27/2001	Ronald S. Doles	5688	. 6677
75	90 10/10/2003		EXAM	INER
Kelly L. Cummings			WYROZEBSKI LEE, KATARZYNA I	
Patent & Licens	sing Department			
ONDEO Nalco Company			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ONDEO Nalco Center			1714	
Naperville, IL 60563-1198				

DATE MAILED: 10/10/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/940,816	DOLES ET AL.			
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee	1714			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-6 and 8</u> is/are allowed.					
6)☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,3 and 7</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	pted or b) objected to by the Ex	aminer.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)□ approved b)□ disapp	roved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2	5) Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Il Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 09/940,816 Page 2

Art Unit: 1714

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing

to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the

invention.

In the present invention, claim 6 contains limitation of solids having content greater than

about 15%. With respect to the above limitation it is not clear if the solids have content greater

than 15% or about 15%. Claim also contains limitation of average diameter being less than

about 4 nm. It is further not clear if the diameter is less than 4 nm or about 4 nm.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/940,816

Art Unit: 1714

4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 . (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 1, 4, 5, 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over GUERRA (US 5,824,730).

The prior art of GUERRA discloses composition for investment casting comprising acrylic binder in an amount of 2-20 wt % (col. 5, lines 8-9) and colloidal silica.

The colloidal silicas disclosed in the prior art of GUERRA include Ludox SM having average particle diameter of 7-9 nm, Ludox HS-30 having average particle diameter of 11-14 nm and Ludox FM having average particle size diameter of 4-5 nm. This also suggests that the average particle diameter utilized in the prior art of GUERRA is 4-14 nm at least.

Art Unit: 1714

Although the prior art of GUERRA does not explicitly teach use of mixtures of colloidal silica to make its slurry, it is well settled that it is prima facie obvious to combine ingredients, each of which is targeted by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose. *In re Linder* 457 F,2d 506,509, 173 USPQ 356, 359 (CCPA 1972).

In the case of the prior art of GUERRA use of a combination of the silicas is obvious since they are all utilized for the same purpose.

Using mixture of the above silica is also expected to result in binder effective in investment casting since the combination of known compositions is expected to work in additive or cumulative manner. *In re Kerkhoven* 626 E.2d 846, 850 205 USPQ 1069, 1072 (CCPA 1980).

In the light of the above disclosure it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to utilize mixtures of colloidal silicas and thereby obtain the claimed invention. Using mixture of the above silica is also expected to result in binder effective in investment casting since the combination of known compositions is expected to work in additive or cumulative manner.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 2, 3,6 and 7 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art of record does not render obvious specific amounts of the silicas in the colloidal silica mixtures.

Application/Control Number: 09/940,816

Art Unit: 1714

The disclosures of the prior art of GUERRA (US 6,020,415) and GUERRA (US 5,677,371) are

Page 5

the same in content as the prior art of GUERRA applied above. Other disclosures provided by

the applicant in the IDS submitted 8/27/2001 do not recite required average particle diameters.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee whose telephone number is (703)

306-5875. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 6:30 AM-4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (703) 306-2777. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Kataryna Wyrorebshi KIWL

September 30, 2003